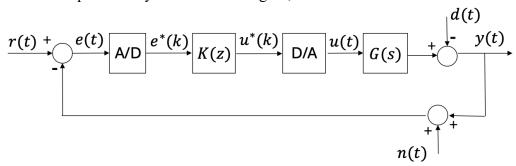
## Industrial Automation – November 19th, 2024

Student:\_\_\_\_\_ ID:\_\_\_\_

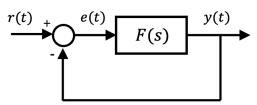
1. For the closed-loop control system shown in figure,



where

$$G(s) = \frac{20}{s^2 + 22s + 40},$$

- a. design a digital control K(z) by emulation of a continuous control design (i.e. by computing the discrete equivalent using Tustin's method) with a sampling time T = 0.08 sec, in order to satisfy the following requirements:
  - i.  $e_{\infty}=0.1$  w.r.t. a ramp reference signal  $r(t)=\frac{1}{2}t\cdot 1(t)$ ;
  - ii. y(t) with overshoot to a step reference signal r(t) less than 15%;
  - iii. settling time  $t_{s5\%} \le 1$  sec.
- b. discuss the action to be implemented for reducing the effect of high-frequency noise n (i.e.,  $n(t) = 0.1 \sin(\omega t)$ , with  $\omega \in [70, 90] \text{ rad/s}$ ).
- 2. For the closed-loop control system show in figure,



where the open loop function is defined by

F(s) = 
$$\frac{\rho(s + \frac{3}{2})}{s(s^2 + 2s + 10)}$$

draw the root locus and discuss the stability of the closed-loop control system for  $\rho > 0$ .

Time available: 2 hours