TOURISM POLICIES AND FASHION, ART AND FOOD INDUSTRIES

Tourism in Perspective Lecture 2

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Learning Objectives

- ✓ Understand what tourism is and its many definitions.
- ✓ Learn the components of tourism and tourism management.
- Appreciate how important this industry is to the economy of the world and of many countries.
- ✓ Know the benefits and costs of tourism

Definition of Tourism

Four different perspectives on tourism:

- •Tourists
- •Businesses
- •Governments
- •Community

Tourism may be defined as the:

processes, activities, and *outcomes* arising from the relationships and the interactions among tourists, tourism suppliers, host governments, host communities, and surrounding environments that are involved in the attracting and hosting of visitors.

UNWTO Definition of Tourism

Tourism comprises the activities of persons traveling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes.

General classification:

- International tourism (inbound and outbound)
- Internal tourism
- Domestic tourism
- National tourism



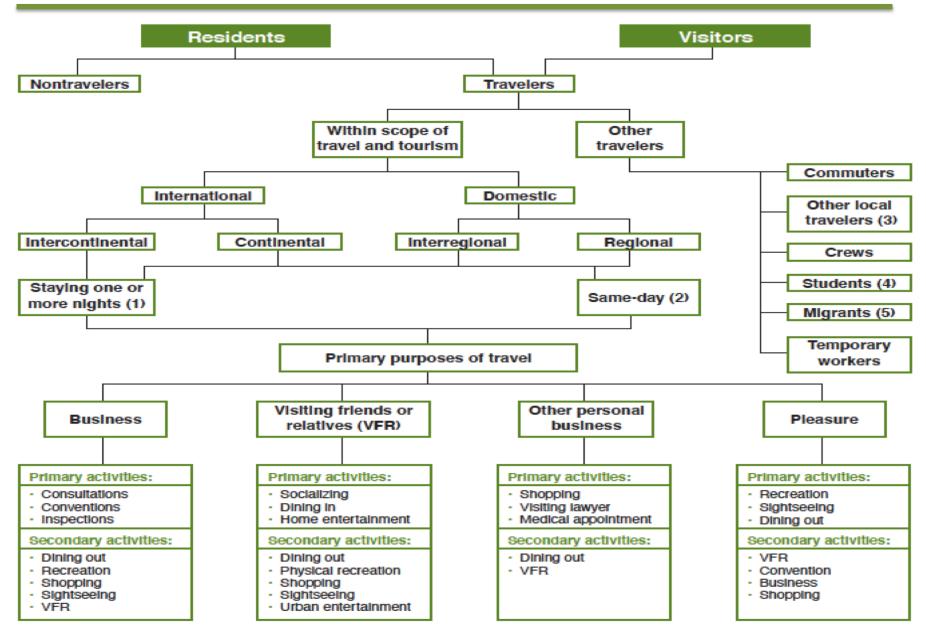
Visitor

A "visitor" is defined as that person who travel to a country other than that in which he/she has their usual residence but outside his/her usual environment for a period not exceeding twelve months and whose main purpose of visit is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

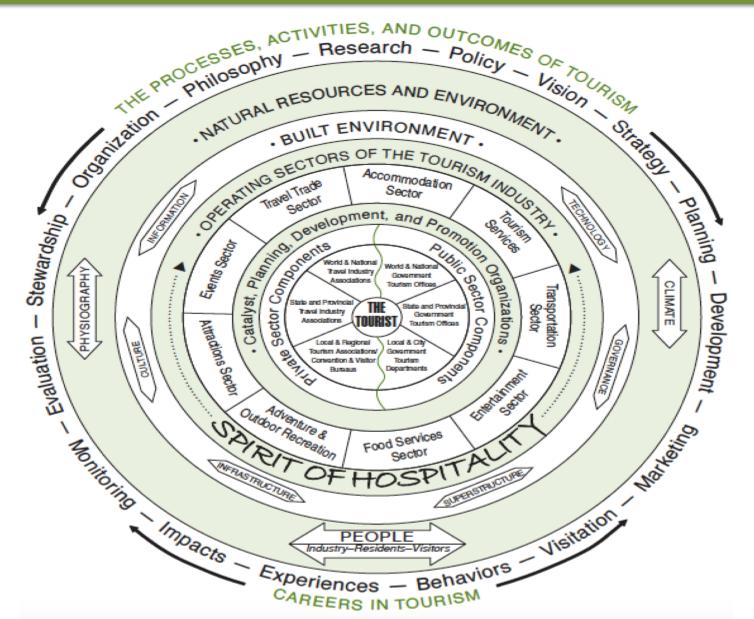
All visitors are subdivided into two further categories:

- Same-day visitors
- Tourists

Classification of travelers



Components of tourism and tourism



7

PAUSE

Global economic impact & trends 2020 (WTTC)

- 185 Countries and economies, 25 world regions analysed.
- 10.3% Travel & Tourism total contribution to global GDP.
- 1/10 Jobs supported by Travel & Tourism worldwide (330 million jobs).
- ¼ of all global net new jobs created over the last five years within the Travel & Tourism sector.

Pictures and facts

Travel & Tourism GDP growth outpaced the overall economy GDP growth for the ninth consecutive year.

FIGURE 1: WORLD'S TRAVEL & TOURISM GDP GROWTH VS. ECONOMY GDP GROWTH, 2011-19



FIGURE 2: TRAVEL & TOURISM GDP GROWTH COMPARED WITH OTHER SECTORS FIGURE 3: SECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

| SECTOR | GDP GROWTH, 2019 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| A Information & Communication | 4.8% |
| Financial services | 3.7% |
| Travel & Tourism | 3.5% |
| Healthcare | 3.0% |
| Retail & Wholesale | 2.4% |
| Agriculture | 2.3% |
| 1 Construction | 2.1% |
| Manufacturing | 1.7% |

Travel & Tourism GDP contribution

| | _ | T&T | T&T GDP | DOMESTIC | INTERNA- | LEISURE | BUSINESS |
|----|---------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | ONTRIBUTION | GROWTH | SPEND | TIONAL SPEND | SPEND | SPEND |
| | | TO GDP, 2019 | 2019 (%)** | % OF TOTAL, | % OF TOTAL, | % OF TOTAL, | % OF TOTAL, |
| | | (US\$ BN) | | 2019 | 2019 | 2019 | 2019 |
| 1 | UNITED STATES | 1,839 | 2.3 | 84 | 16 | 70 | 30 |
| 2 | CHINA | 1,585 | 9.3 | 86 | 14 | 81 | 19 |
| 3 | JAPAN | 359 | 1.6 | 81 | 19 | 69 | 31 |
| 4 | GERMANY | 347 | 1.8 | 86 | 14 | 83 | 17 |
| 5 | ITALY | 260 | 2.2 | 76 | 24 | 81 | 19 |
| 6 | UNITED KINGDO |)M 254 | 1.3 | 83 | 17 | 67 | 33 |
| 7 | FRANCE | 229 | 1.9 | 66 | 34 | 80 | 20 |
| 8 | SPAIN | 198 | 1.8 | 44 | 56 | 89 | n |
| 9 | MEXICO | 196 | 1.8 | 85 | 15 | 94 | 6 |
| 10 | INDIA | 194 | 4.9 | 83 | 17 | 94 | 6 |
| 11 | AUSTRALIA | 150 | 0.8 | 78 | 22 | 83 | 17 |
| 12 | BRAZIL | 140 | 3.0 | 94 | 6 | 89 | n |
| 13 | CANADA | 108 | 2.7 | 76 | 24 | 65 | 35 |
| 14 | THAILAND | 107 | 1.8 | 29 | 71 | 90 | 10 |
| 15 | PHILIPPINES | 91 | 8.6 | 85 | 15 | 66 | 34 |
| | | | | | | | |

**Growth highlighted in green when it is above global T&T GDP growth of 3.5%

Regional highlights

AMERICAS US\$2.5 TN TOTAL CONTRIBUTION TO GDP

2.2% 45.3 MN

T&T GDP GROWTH TOTAL CONTRIBUTION TO EMPLOYMENT

Regional highlights



EUROPE US\$2.0 TN

TOTAL CONTRIBUTION TO GDP

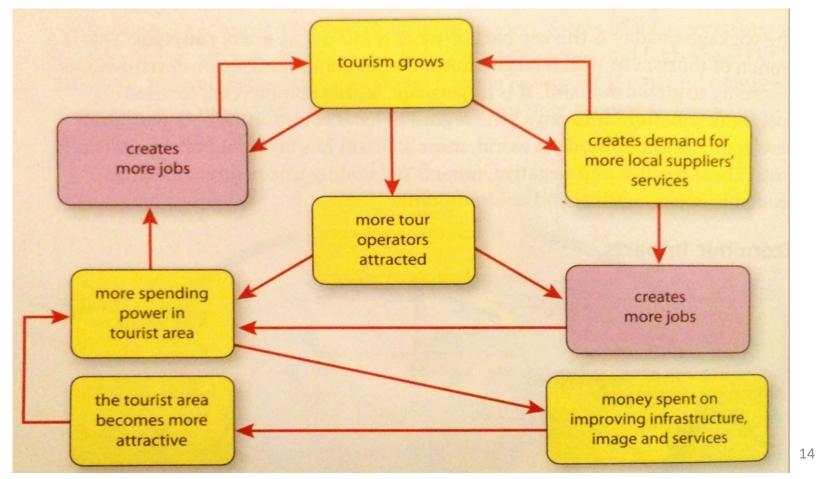
2.4% 37.1 MN

T&T GDP GROWTH TOTAL CONTRIBUTION TO EMPLOYMENT

Source: UNWTO

Benefits of Tourism - Economic

- Generates foreign exchange
- Employment opportunities
- Government revenue
- Local communities



Disadvantages of Tourism - Economic

- •Results in high leakage
- Cost of infrastructures
- Increasing prices
- •Economic dependence

Other issues have a social dimension...

Contacts and office hours

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