

$$f(x) = \frac{\log(x) - 1}{\log(x) + 1}$$

C.E.

$$\begin{cases} x > 0 \\ \log(x) + 1 \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x > 0 \\ \log x \neq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x > 0 \\ e^{\log x} \neq e^{-1} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x > 0 \\ x \neq e^{-1} \end{cases}$$

$$]0; e^{-1}[ \cup ]e^{-1}; +\infty[$$

Positivität

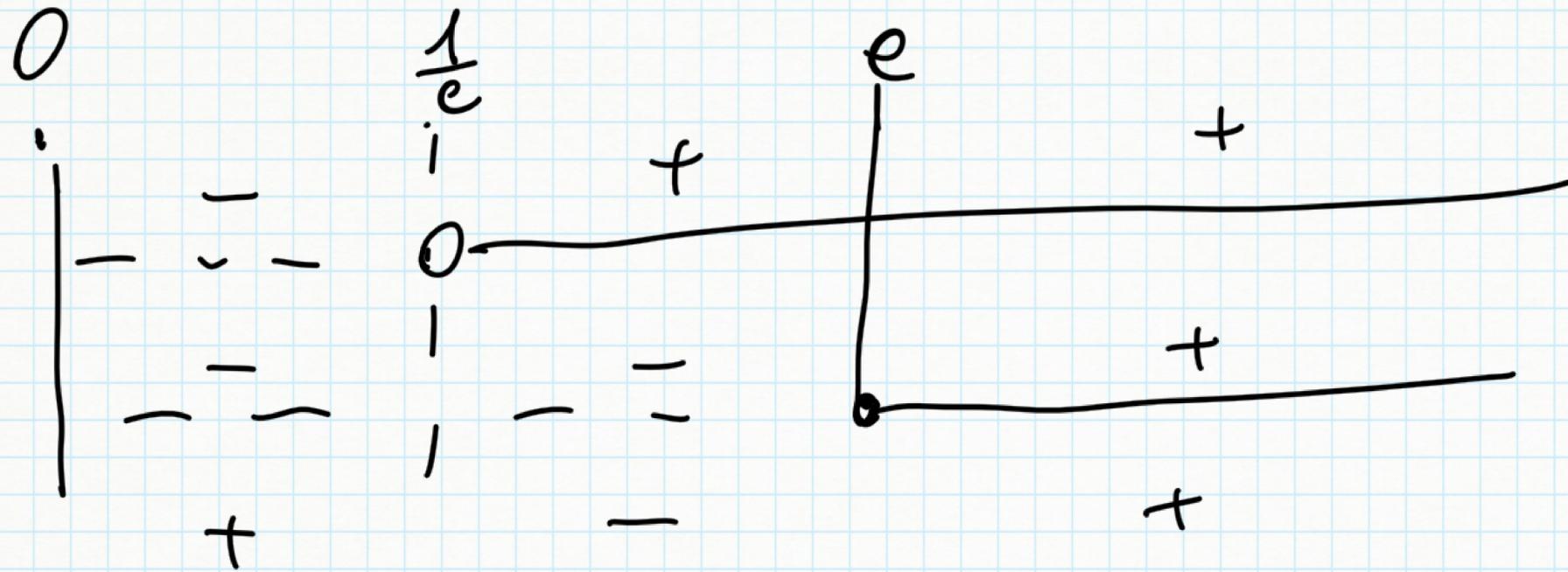
$$\begin{cases} \log x - 1 \geq 0 \\ \log x + 1 > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \log x \geq 1 \\ \log x > -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} e^{\log x} \geq e^1 \\ e^{\log x} > e^{-1} \end{cases} \begin{cases} x \geq e \\ x > \frac{1}{e} \end{cases}$$

V. ricordo

$x > 0$  per v.l. c.t.



Positiva in  $]0; \frac{1}{e}[ \cup ]e; +\infty[$

# LIMITI AGHI ESTREMI

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\log(x) - 1}{\log(x) + 1} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\log(x) - 1}{\log(x) + 1} = 1 \quad Y = 1$$

ASINT. OR.

Guardando la positività

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{e}\right)^-} \frac{\log(x) - 1}{\log(x) + 1} = +\infty$$

$$X = \frac{1}{e} \quad \text{ASIN. VERT.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{e}\right)^+} \frac{\log(x) - 1}{\log(x) + 1} = -\infty$$

CRESCENZA

$$f(x) = \frac{\log(x) - 1}{\log(x) + 1}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x}(\log(x) + 1) - (\log(x) - 1) \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{(\log(x) + 1)^2} =$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x}(\cancel{\log(x)} + 1 - \cancel{\log(x)} + 1)}{(\log(x) + 1)^2} = \frac{2}{x(\log(x) + 1)^2}$$

$x \geq 0$       Entzambi positivi nel C.E.  
 $(\log_2(x) + 1)^2 \geq 0$       Quindi funzione sempre crescente

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{x (\log_2(x) + 1)^2}$$

CONVÈSSITA'

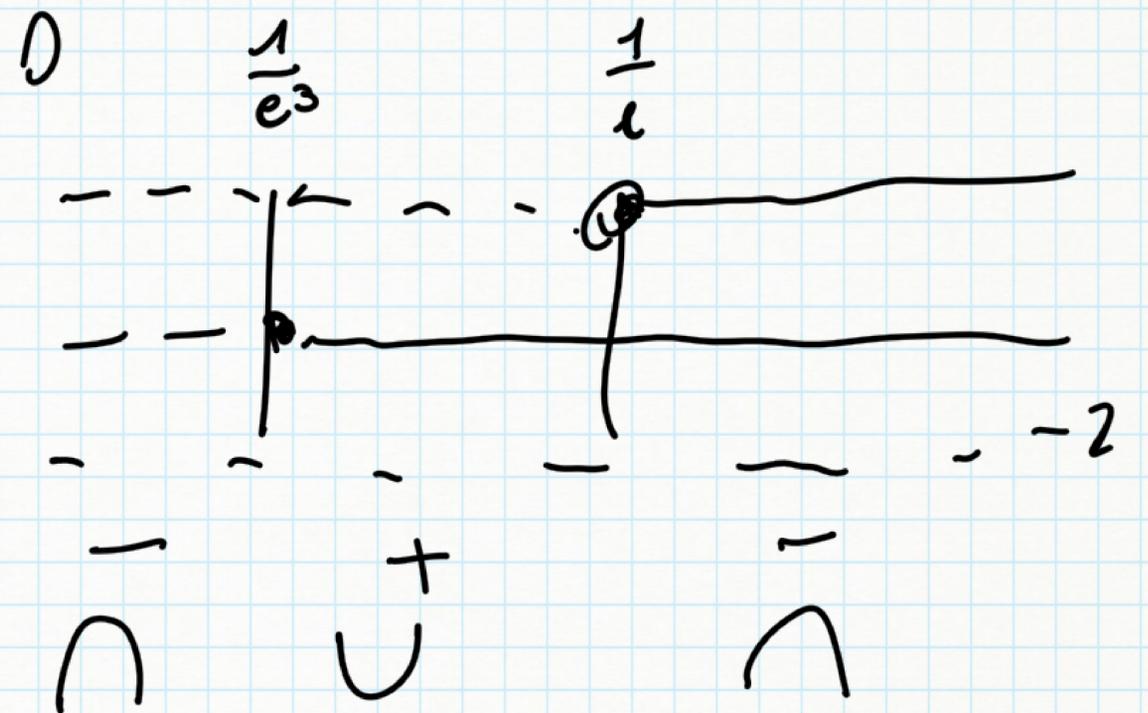
$$f''(x) = 2 \cdot \mathcal{D} \left( \frac{1}{x (\log_2(x) + 1)^2} \right)$$

$$2D(x(\log(x)+1)^2) = (\log(x)+1)^2 + x \cdot 2(\log(x)+1) \cdot \frac{1}{x} =$$

$$= (\log(x)+1)(\log(x)+1+2) = (\log(x)+1)(\log(x)+3)$$

$$2) \left( \frac{1}{x(\log(x)+1)^2} \right)' = \frac{-\cancel{(\log(x)+1)}(\log(x)+3)}{x^2(\log(x)+1)^{\cancel{2}+3}} = \frac{-2 \cdot (\log(x)+3)}{x^2(\log(x)+1)^3}$$

$$\begin{array}{|l} \log(x)+3 \geq 0 \\ \log(x)+1 > 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{|l} \log(x) \geq -3 \\ \log(x) > -1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{|l} x \geq e^{-3} \\ x > e^{-1} \end{array}$$



$e^{-3}$  punto d'equilibrio

$$f(e^{-3}) = \frac{-3 - 1}{-3 + 1} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$$

