

$$f(x) = x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \quad \text{C.E. } x \neq 0 \quad]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[$$

Positività

$$\begin{aligned} &|| x^2 \geq 0 \\ &|| e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &|| \forall x \in \mathbb{R} \\ &|| \forall x \in]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{quindi } f(x) > 0 \quad \forall x \in]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[$$

LIMITI AGLI ESTREMI

Ricordando che $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -\frac{1}{x} = 0$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\frac{1}{x} = 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{x} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{x} = +\infty$$

NO ASINT. OBL.

Ricordando che

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} -\frac{1}{x} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} -\frac{1}{x} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}} = 0 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{\frac{1}{x^2}} = \left(\text{sostituzione } t = -\frac{1}{x} \right)$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^t}{t^2} = +\infty$$

$x=0$ AS. VERT.

MONOTONIA

$$f(x) = x^2 \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$f'(x) = 2x e^{-\frac{1}{x}} + \cancel{x^2} (e^{-\frac{1}{x}}) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\cancel{x^2}} \right) =$$
$$= e^{-\frac{1}{x}} (2x + 1)$$

$$\| \begin{array}{l} e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \geq 0 \\ 2x + 1 \geq 0 \end{array}$$

$$\| \begin{array}{l} \forall x \in]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[\\ x \geq -\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \quad + \quad f'$$

$$f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot e^2$$

$-\frac{1}{2}$ punto ↓ minimo relativo $\frac{1}{4} e^2$ minimo relativo

CONVESSITÀ

$$f'(x) = e^{-\frac{1}{x}} (2x + 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} \right) (2x + 1) + 2e^{-\frac{1}{x}} = e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \left[\frac{2x + 1}{x^2} + 2 \right] = \\ &= e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \left[\frac{2x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \geq 0$$

$$x^2 \geq 0$$

$$2x^2 + 2x + 1 \geq 0$$

$$\forall x \in]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[$$

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\Delta = 4 - 8 = -4 < 0$$

$$\forall x \in]-\infty; 0[\cup]0; +\infty[$$

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

