

Use of the UniProtKB  
(protein sequence)  
database and homology  
search with FASTA  
and BLAST/PSI-BLAST

- Go to <https://legacy.uniprot.org>
- Type **AQP11** – see how many entries you find
- Now type **AQP11 AND horse** - see how many entries you find; how many of them are reviewed, how many are unreviewed
- Access the Advanced search, select “gene name” while typing “**aqp11**” AND select “Organism” while typing “**horse**” – see how many reviewed/unreviewed entries you find
- Explore the Entry with Uniprot ID: **F6S3G9**, by clicking on it

- Go to <https://legacy.uniprot.org>
- After clicking on the entry **F6S3G9**
- See in what chromosome is located the corresponding gene
- See where the protein is located in the cell. Cytoplasm? Membrane? Extracellular?
- In what tissue is it expressed?
- Visualize the GeneTree in Ensembl (through the provided link)
- Visualize the protein sequence – how long it is?
- Select the FASTA format for the protein sequence (we'll use it for the homology search)

- Go to <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/sss/fasta/> & select **Protein**
- Select the UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot(swissprot) database
- In the input window copy the protein FASTA sequence (ID: **F6S3G9**)
- Have a look at the algorithm parameters by clicking on “More Options” under “Enter your parameters (“; take note of the range for the E(Expectation)-value
- Run the Job, by clicking on **Submit**

- Go to <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/sss/fasta/> & select **Protein**
- Take note of the top 5 hits; what values are reported for each hit in the output summary table?
- Have a look at the “**Visual Output**”: how many sequences are significantly similar to the query?
- Have a look at the “**Functional Predictions**”
- Go back to the “**Summary Table**” and click on “show” below “Alignments”, on the left
- Have a look at the alignment with the first human hit and to all the values reported above the alignment itself (scores, E-value etc.). What do they mean?

# PSI-BLAST out

- Go to <https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi> & select **Protein BLAST**
- In the input window copy the protein FASTA sequence or the Uniprot ID (**F6S3G9**)
- Select the UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot(swissprot) database
- Select the PSI-BLAST algorithm
- Run the Job, by clicking on **BLAST**

# PSI-BLAST Output

- Go to <https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi>  
& select **Protein BLAST**
- See the species, sequence identity, Score, E-value and Query cover of the top 5 hits
- Visualize the **graphic summary**: how many hits are found? How many very good hits are found?
- Compare results with those obtained by FASTA
- Visualize the alignment with the human sequence; take note of the sequence similarity and gaps
- Run PSI-BLAST Iteration 2

# PSI-BLAST Output

- Go to <https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi> & select **Protein BLAST**
- How many hits are found at PSI\_BLAST Iteration 2
- How many new hits have a low enough E-value (let's say below  $1 \times 10^{-10}$ )?
- Select only the hits with a low enough E-value for building the PSSM for PSI-BLAST iteration 3
- Were new hits found at Iteration 3? If so, few or many?
- Have a look at the top-1 new hit (sequence identity, etc) if any
- Visualize the alignment
- Visualize the Graphic Summary now; how different is it from that of Iteration 1?

- Go to <https://toolkit.tuebingen.mpg.de/tools/hhpred>
- In the input window copy the protein FASTA sequence or the Uniprot ID (**F6S3G9**)
- Select the PfamA database (after removing default-selected databases)
- Run the Job, by clicking on **Submit**

## HPRED Output

- Go to <https://toolkit.tuebingen.mpg.de/tools/hhpred>
- Was the job faster or slower than the previous ones?
- Take note of the job steps visualized on the screen while in progress
- How many hits are found? How significant?
- Explore the first hit in Pfam  
(PF00230.23)