# IF-CLAUSES CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

- 1. Possibility/reality
- 2. Unreality

3. Impossibity

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## 1. Future - Possible (first conditional)

It is **possible** to fulfill a **condition** which is given in the ifclause.

#### **Formation**

Main Clause
Simple Future
or Infinitive/imperative
or
Modal + Infinitive (may, might, should)

If-Clause	Main Clause
If you <b>study</b> hard,	you will pass the exam.
If you see John tonight,	tell him to e-mail me.
If Ben gets up early,	he can catch the bus.

### **Future-Possible**

The if-clause can be at the beginning (followed by a coma) or at the end of the sentence.

If-Clause	Main Clause
If you <b>study</b> hard,	you will pass the exams.
You will pass the exams	if you <b>study</b> hard.

## 2. Unreal (second conditional)

It is **theoretically possible** to fulfill a **condition** which is given in the if-clause.

#### **Formation**

If-Clause	Main Clause
Simple Past	<pre>would + infinitive or could + infinitive or might + infinitive</pre>

If-Clause	Main Clause
If you <b>studied</b> hard,	you would pass the exam.
If you studied,	you could pass the exams.
If you studied,	you might pass the exams.

Both were and was are possible in the second conditional, with no change in meaning

If I was/were a politician, I'd make big changes. If I were you, I'd quit.

## Unreality

The if-clause can be at the beginning (followed by a coma) or at the end of the sentence.

If-Clause	Main Clause
If you studied,	you would pass the exams.
You would pass the exams	if you studied.

## 3. Past – impossible (third conditional)

It is **impossible** to fulfill a **condition** which is given in the if-clause.

#### **Formation**

If-Clause	Main Clause
	would + have + past participle or
Past Perfect	could + have + past participle
	or
	might + have + past participle

If-Clause	Main Clause
If you had studied hard,	you would have passed the exams.
If you had studied,	you could have passed the exams.
If you had studied,	you might have passed the exams.

## **Impossibility**

The if-clause can be at the beginning (followed by a coma) or at the end of the sentence.

If-Clause	Main Clause
If you had studied hard,	you would have passed the exams.
You would have passed the exams	if you had studied hard.